The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,135.

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, AUGUST 26. 1786.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

Laſt Night but One of Mrs Jordan's Engagement.

On MONDAY Auguſt 28, 1786, will be preſented,
A Comedy, called,

AS YOU LIKE IT.

Jaques, Mr WOODS;
And Touchſtone (the Clown) Mr O'REILLY.
Celia, Mrs WOODS;
Audrey, Mrs CHARTERIS;
Phebe, Mrs J. BLAND;
And the part of Roſalind (with the Cuckoo Song)
By Mrs JORDAN.

To which will be added, a Muſical Entertainment, called,

THE ROMP,

OR, A

CURE FOR THE SPLEEN.

Watty Cockney, Mr BLAND, Jun.;
Captain Sightly. Mr HALLION;
Old Cockney, Mr CHARTERIS;
And Barnacle, Mr O'REILLY.
Penelope, Mrs WILMOT WELLS;
Miſs La Blond, Mrs O'REILLY;
And the part of Priſcilla Tomboy (the Romp)
By Mrs JORDAN,
Who performed the Character thirty-ſeven Nights laſt Seaſon, at the Theatre Royal, Drury-Lane.

Tickets to be had, and places for the boxes taken, of Mr Gibb, at the Office of the Theatre; and at his houſe, head of St Anne's Street.

By Permiſſion.

LES VARIETES AMUSANTE,

Back of the Black Bull Inn, Pleaſance.

THIS preſent Evening, 26th Auguſt, and to be continued every Evening during next Week, the much-admired and pleaſing performances, as were performed at the LITTLE THEATRE, under the inſpection of

MONSIEUR DUBOIS.

ACT I.—The JOCKEY HORNPIPE; or, a TRIP TO LEITH RACES.
ACT II.—WIRE DANCING, by Miſs RICHER;
ACT III.—Wonderful Exertion of Strength,
By the ENGLISH HERCULES,
Who ſupports, on a large table 12 feet long, the Egyptian Pyramids, &c. &c.
ACT IV.—ROPE-DANCING, by the Celebrated LITTLE LITTLE DEVIL,
[And the CHILD of PROMISE, only 36 months old.
CLOWN, by Maſter RICKETTS;

The whole to conclude with a new Demi-Character Ballet, called,

HARVEST HOME,

By Monſ. DUBOIS, Signior ROSSI, and Miſs GIRNIER,
From the Opera Houſe, London.

Doors to be opened at Six, and the Entertainments to begin at Seven o'clock.—Pit and Boxes 2 s. 6 d.—Slips 1 s. 6 d.—and Gallery 1 s.

Tickets to be had at the Royal Exchange and Exchange Coffeehouſes, and of Monſ. Dubois, at Les Varietes Amuſante, where places for the boxes may be taken.

N. B. No perſon admitted behind the Scenes.

HORSEMANSHIP,

On ONE, TWO, and THREE HORSES.

ON MONDAY the 28th Auguſt, and to be continued every day (weather permitting), during their ſhort ſtay in this city, at the CIRCULAR RIDING SCHOOL in Dr Hope's Park, adjoining the Phyſical Gardens, Leith Walk, by Nine capital performers, not to be equalled in Europe, from Mr Jones's Equeſtrian Amphitheatre, London, under the direction of

Mr PARKER,

Who moſt reſpectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen, and the Public in general, that no pains has been ſpared to render the temporary Riding School as commodious as poſſible. Proper ſeats covered over are provided,

HORSEMANSHIP BURLESQU'D,
By Mr MILLER, *the* Clown.
To which will be introduced,
Horſemanſhip, upon One and Two Horſes,
By Miss HUNTLEY,
From London.
To conclude with
THE TAILOR'S JOURNEY TO BRENTFORD,
On the Hunter, Managed, and Road Horſe,
By Mr HUMPHREYS.

Doors will be opened Half paſt Eleven, and the exhibition begin Half paſt Twelve.

Firſt Seats, 2 s.—Second ditto, 1 s.

Places may be taken, by ſending a ſervant, from Half paſt Ten to Eleven.

Tickets may be had of Mr Parker, at Mr Robertſon's, at Black Bull, Pleaſance.

N. B. Mr Parker will attend the School every day, Sundays excepted, for the inſtruction of Ladies and Gentlemen, in the polite art of Riding and managing the Horſe. Gentlemen from Seven in the Morning till Eleven,—Ladies from Two till Five afternoon.

Likewiſe Horſes broke for the Road, Field, or Army, particularly for Ladies riding, in a few days.

This Day is publiſhed,
And Sold by J. BELL, Parliament-ſquare, price 4s. ſewed,

A CRITICAL INQUIRY

INTO

THE MOTION OF THE SUN,

AND STABILITY OF THE EARTH.

By Godfrey M'Calman,
Surgeon in Greenock.

——"Medio tutiſſima pendit terra."

"Quid verum atque decens curo et rogo, et omnis in hoc "ſum." Hor.

WALTER HUNTER,

well known for his ſucceſs in CURING DEAFNESS, is now at his own houſe in Fiſher-row. Letters or meſſages to him, may be left at Mrs Wardrop's at the Croſs, Edinburgh, where he may be ſpoke with every Wedneſday.

His experience and ſucceſs in removing the deſeaſes of the Ear, are univerſally known in the three kingdoms. He does not tamper with any whom, on inſpection he judges paſt remedy. If curable, he performs the operation in a few minutes, without pain to the patient.—His *advice*, at his own room, is One Shilling, not for cure.

N. B. In two or three weeks hence, Dr Hunter intends, if health permits, to viſit Glaſgow, Paiſley, Kilmarnock, &c. in each of which towns he will continue a few days.

EDUCATION.

ROBERT NICHOL, late Maſter of the Commercial Academy in Glaſgow, opened Claſſes on Monday the 22d May laſt, at his houſe, head of Dickſon's Cloſe, for the following branches of Education.

WRITING—On the moſt approved principles, as it is now taught by the moſt eminent penmen.

ARITHMETIC—The elementary rules are demonſtrated in a way beſt ſuited to inform the judgment, and the learner is accuſtomed to apply them to practice in a neat and ready manner. The doctrine of fractions, vulgar and decimal, is taught. The nature and origin of fractions in general is explained, and their utility in arithmetical and mercantile computations pointed out. A variety of exerciſes are given, with a view to illuſtrate the application of the elementary rules to the practice of real buſineſs

BOOK KEEPING—The principles of the Italian method are explained, and a ſet of problems comprehending all the variety of caſes that occur in domeſtic and foreign trade are exhibited, in order to facilitate the method of journalizing. The practice of this art is illuſtrated in ſeveral forms adapted to buſineſs of different kinds. Care is taken to introduce as much variety in the forms, and to preſerve as much reſemblance to real buſineſs as can be maintained in an initiatory courſe of this kind. To this will be added the principles of mercantile and revenue laws. Theſe branches are taught extenſively, and are intended to comprehend whatever is neceſſary in this line to qualify a young gentleman for merchandize.

ALGEBRA—Chiefly with a view to explain the grounds of the higher and more difficult parts of arithmetic; as compound intereſt, annuities, doctrine of chances, extraction of roots, logarithms, &c.

MATHEMATICS—This part comprehends Euclid's Elements of geometry, trigonometry plain and ſpherical, practical geometry, land ſurveying, navigation, menſuration of ſurfaces and ſolids, artificers meaſuring, &c.

In this department an abridgment of Euclid's Elements is uſed, in which many of the propoſitions of leſs conſequence are omitted; the demonſtrations are much ſhortened; and ſometimes, particularly in the fifth book, the manner of demonſtrating is altered. The whole is ſo arranged as to lay a proper foundation for all the parts of practical mathematics

GEOGRAPHY ancient and modern, with the uſe of the globes. The philoſophical part of this ſcience is explained in a courſe of lectures, and the different phenomena ariſing from the figure and motion of the earth illuſtrated by the globe The different countries, with their ſituations and extents, are pointed out on the globe and maps; and an account given of their climate, produce, manufactures, and commerce. This will be accompanied with a ſketch of ancient and modern hiſtory.

Young ladies are taught writing, arithmetic, and geography. Young ladies and gentlemen will be attended at their own lodgings, if deſired.

As Mr Nichol has had opportunities of knowing buſineſs, and has been employed in ſettling intricate accounts, he will inſpect and examine merchants books, in order to correct ſuch miſtakes as may be found, and will adjuſt and ſettle accounts of every kind. He will likewiſe make up reports on remits from the Court of Seſſion, as an accountant.

Youth are boarded on reaſonable terms.

☞ There will be no Vacation this Seaſon.

TO BE SOLD AT INVERNESS,

A CARGO of Foreign Oak and Fir

Plank, a parcel crooked Oak Timber, and two Fir Maſts. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to John Macpherſon and Robert Roſe, merchants there, or to Lauchlan M'Lean, Eſq; of Dantzick, at the houſe of John Campbell junior, Eſq; clerk to the ſignet, Edinburgh.

Preſent reduced Prices of Teas and Spirits,

At James Mitchell's Warehouſe,

Firſt above the Head of Forreſter's Wynd, Lawn-market, EDINBURGH.

TEAS, *per Lib.*	s.	d.	SPIRITS, *per Gal.*	s.	d.
Beſt Souchong, -	6	0	Beſt Jamaica Double Rum, -	9	0
Good ditto, -	5	0	Good ditto ditto, -	8	6
Beſt Congo, -	4	6	Ditto ditto, -	8	0
Good ditto, -	4	0	Single ditto, -	6	0
Ditto ditto, -	3	6	Coniac Brandy, -	9	0
Bohea, -	2	6	Good ditto, -	6	0
Hyſon Green, -	8	0	Dutch Genieva, -	6	0
Singlo, -	5	0	Good ditto, -	5	0
			Fine old proof Aquavitæ,	3	3
			Good ditto, -	3	0
			Ditto ditto, -	2	10
			Fairntoſh, -	5	0

**** The Congo at 3 d. 6 d. is a very great penny-worth, and warranted as good as any at 4 s. in town.

J. M. Has alſo on hand, a large quantity of Old Hard Soap, which he ſells at 6 d. per lib. and Beſt Blued Starch at 6½ d.

CALEDONIAN HUNT.

THE Annual Meeting is fixed for MONDAY the 2d day of October, at AYR, to continue a fortnight.

To be RUN for, over the Courſe there, upon THURSDAY the 12th of October, a Purſe of FIFTY GUINEAS, given by the Hunt, the beſt of three four-mile heats, by Scots bred Horſes, who never were out of Scotland before three years old, to carry the following weights:

Four years old, 10 ſtone 7 lib.
Five years old, 11 ſtone 3 lib.
Six years old, 11 ſtone 10 lib.
Aged, 12 ſtone.

No winner of this purſe to be allowed to ſtart a ſecond time for it.

To be Run for over the ſame Courſe, upon FRIDAY the 13th of October, a Purſe of FIFTY GUINEAS, given by the Hunt, the beſt of three four-mile heats, to carry 12 ſtone. They muſt be actual hunters, and hunted laſt ſeaſon with an eſtabliſhed pack of hounds, and certified as ſuch by the maſter of the hounds they were hunted with, and *bona fide*, the property of members belonging to the Hunt, three months before they ſtart.—The Preſes, Treaſurer, and Council to be Judges. Certificates to be produced, and the horſes entered upon Wedneſday the 11th of October, between 10 and 12 o'clock forenoon.

The Earl of Glencairn, Preſes.
Robert Baird, Eſq; of Newbyth, Treaſurer.
William M'Dowall, Eſq; of Garthland, } Counſellors.
R. Dundas M'Queen, Eſq; }
Andrew Houſtoun, Eſq; Calderhall, }
WILLIAM HAGART, Secretary.

By Order of the Right Honourable the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Council of the city of Edinburgh.

WHEREAS ſome evil-diſpoſed perſons have of late broke down ſome of the Railing and other parts of the Timber Pier of Leith,—Theſe are therefore offering a reward of FIVE GUINEAS to any who ſhall, within two months, give information to William Scott, procurator fiſcal, of the perſon or perſons who did the ſame, to be paid by the City Chamberlain, upon the conviction of one or more of the offenders.

Juſt Publiſhed,
In One Volume Octavo, p. 493. on three different papers,
Price to Subſcribers, 5 s.—4 s.—3 s.

KAINA KAI ΠΑΛΑΙΑ.

SACRED CONTEMPLATIONS,

IN THREE PARTS.

I. A VIEW of the COVENANT of WORKS; in its Natural State, as common to all mankind,—and in its Poſitive State, as peculiar to our Firſt Parents: Diſcovering the Singular Goodness of God, in that Poſitive State.
II. A VIEW of the COVENANT of GRACE; in the Eſtabliſhment of it from Eternity, the Accompliſhment of it in Time, and the Effect of it through Eternity.
III. A View of the abſolute and immediate Dependence of all things on God: In a diſcourſe concerning Liberty & Neceſſity.

By ADAM GIB.

Every ſcribe which is inſtructed into the kingdom of heaven, is like unto a man that is an houſeholder, which bringeth forth out of his treaſure [KAINA KAI ΠΑΛΑΙΑ] THINGS NEW AND OLD. Matth. xiii. 52. *Knowledge ſhall be increaſed.* Dan. xii. 4.

Sold by C. DILLY, in the Poultry, London;
And by J. DICKSON, Edinburgh.

Subſcribers will get their copies from thoſe to whom they gave in their Subſcriptions; or at the Author's houſe, *Nicholſon's Street*: Where others alſo will get copies, at the ſame price with Subſcribers, on calling or ſending for them.

In the Preſs, and will be publiſhed in the courſe of two or three weeks,
VOLUME I. OF

A Complete Collection of Styles,

BY THE JURIDICAL SOCIETY.

In Three Volumes Quarto.

Conſiſting of Heritable Rights, Perſonal and Moveable Rights, and Signet Letters.

THIS preſent volume comprehends the heritable ſtyles, and contains the following titles:

1. Deeds regulating the ſucceſſion of heritable property.
2. Brieves and Services.
3. Alienations to ſingular ſucceſſors.
4. Redeemable rights.
5. Conveyances of redeemable rights.
6. Signatures and other grants.
7. Grants by progreſs from a ſubject-ſuperior.
8. Completion of real rights by infeftment.
9. Extinction of real redeemable rights.
10. Leaſes, with conveyances and extinctions thereof.

The Juridical Society think it proper to inform the Public, that they have no concern with any former publication of Styles, nor have they with any collection now in the preſs, or propoſed to be publiſhed, other than the volume abovementioned.

N. B. The perſon by whom the above Collection of Styles is to be Sold, will be mentioned in a future advertiſement.

PURE SALT

WARRANTED equal to the beſt foreign Salt, being refined according to Lord Dundonald's method, and entirely freed from its impurities, is ſelling at Culroſs Salt Works, at 2 s. 2 d. by the ſingle buſhel, excluſive of the duty, and proportionably cheaper for a larger quantity.

Orders directed to Samuel Hollingſworth at Culroſs, will be carefully attended to.

ASHES.

TO be SOLD by public auction, at the Warehouſe of Meſſrs RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and CO. Leith, on Monday firſt, the 28th Auguſt current, at twelve o'clock noon,

A parcel of St Peterſburgh POT ASHES, damaged.

DISTILLING.

ANY perſon wanting to be inſtructed in all the various branches of this buſineſs, viz. Diſtilling of Fairntoſh Whiſkey—Highland Whiſkey—Common Whiſkey, from which a large quantity of Yeaſt fit for bakers is to be produced—Diſtilling after the Engliſh method, and the making of real Dutch Gin, after the moſt approved methods uſed in Holland,—may for further particulars apply to the publiſher

---

To Corn Diſtillers and Rectifiers.

A PERSON thoroughly converſant in every proceſs and department of the Malt, Diſtillery, and Rectifying Buſineſs, (particularly the former) wiſhes for a ſituation in a houſe already eſtabliſhed, or will undertake to erect and manage a houſe for any Gentleman inclined to enter into that buſineſs; having erected, and had the whole management of one of the firſt houſes in England. Every requiſite as to character, &c. will be rendered ſatisfactory.——Apply by letter addreſſed to the Printer, or A. B. Edinburgh Coffeehouſe, Sweething's Alley, London.

A GARDENER WANTED.

WANTED againſt Martinmas next, a Clever YOUNG MAN unmarried, who has been well educated as a Gardener, of a ſtaid ſober character, and who has been already in place.—He muſt be well acquainted with his profeſſion in every branch, as well in Kitchen Gardening as in the management of Hot-houſes and Forcing.—If he has been in England it will be an additional recommendation.

Any perſon who will anſwer the above deſcription, may apply to Alexander Manners merchant, Edinburgh, who will inform as to particulars.

STIRLINGSHIRE.

SIR Archibald Edmonſtone of Duntreath, Baronet, having required a Meeting of the Commiſſioners of Supply, to diſjoin the valuation of his eſtates,—the Commiſſioners of Supply of Stirlingſhire, are deſired to meet at Stirling on Tueſday the 5th day of September next, for that and other purpoſes.

JAMES BRUCE, Convener.

Stirling, Aug. 25. 1786.

CLEUGH ROAD.

THE General ſtated Half-yearly Meeting of the Truſtees on the turnpike road from Cleugh to Borrowſtounneſs, is to be held within the houſe of George Jarvey, vintner in Bathgate, upon Wedneſday the 30th of Auguſt current, at 12 o'clock noon At which time and place the truſtees on ſaid road are requeſted to attend.

FOR PRIVATE SALE,
The BRIGANTINE
KETTY AND PEGGY,

Square ſtern'd, and almoſt rebuilt at Leith within theſe eighteen months, a very faſt ſailer, ſhifts light, well found, burthen about 160 tons, *George Skirving* commander.

For further particulars, apply to James Hamilton broker.

Leith, Aug. 26. 1786.

DALKEITH, August 21. 1786.

THIS Day the Grammar School of this place was examined, in preſence of ſeveral Miniſters and Gentlemen. The Boys in their different claſſes, diſcovered ſuch a remarkable degree of proficiency in their ſtudies, as, in the opinion of all preſent, reflected the greateſt honour on the abilities, fidelity, and induſtry of Mr Chriſtieſon their teacher. While they regret the loſs of ſo able a teacher, by Mr Chriſtieſon's tranſlation to the High School of Edinburgh, they find themſelves bound in duty to declare the very good opinion they entertain of Mr Bell his ſucceſſor, and can, with great freedom, recommend him to all encouragement.

This School is to be convened on Monday the 25th of September next.

HENRY GRIEVE, Miniſter.
JOHN MAIN, Miniſter.
JOHN PATON, Miniſter.

Education at Dundee.

MR DOUGLAS begs leave to inform the Public, That he continues to Teach the following Practical branches of the MATHEMATICS, at his School in Dundee.

Arithmetic—Book-Keeping—Geometry—Plane and Spherical Trigonometry—Geography—Land Surveying—Fortification—Navigation with Lunar Obſervations—Aſtronomy—Algebra—Mechanics—Architecture—Dialing—and Drawing in Perſpective, Water Colours, and Crayons.

Young Gentlemen intended for the Navy may depend upon being properly qualified for that ſervice, as Mr Douglas's long experience at ſea, and particularly in his Majeſty's ſervice, enables him to prepare them for acting in the various ſtations they may be called to on board a ſhip of war.

N. B. Board and Education at 25 l. per annum.

Money to be Lent.

TWO SUMS of L. 1500 and about L. 800 Sterling, up on heritable ſecurity, at Martinmas next.

Alſo, different ſums from L. 300 to L. 600 Sterling, up on perſonal ſecurity, either now or at Martinmas next.

Apply to Vans Hathorn writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh.

Wanted to Borrow,

Immediately, or at the term of Martinmas next,

FOUR THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING, upon undoubted heritable ſecurity.

For particulars apply to James Horne clerk to the ſignet.

FOR CADIZ AND St LUCAR,
The Brigantine Forth,

JAMES RITCHIE Maſter,

Will be ready to ſail from Leith in ten days hence for *Cadiz and St Lucar*, where ſhe will take in wines on freight, and return to Leith with all poſſible expedition.

FOR OPORTO,

The Brigantine DUTCHES OF HAMILTON,
Joseph Brodie Maſter,

Will be ready to ſail from Leith in fourteen days hence for *Oporto*, where ſhe will take in wines on freight, and return to Leith with all poſſible expedition.

Letters to go by the above veſſels, will be carefully forewarded, if ſent to Meſſrs ALLAN, STEUART, and CO. Merchants in Leith.

Leith *Auguſt* 25. 1786.

Conſtant Traders from London,

FOR FINDHORN, CROMARTY, FORT GEORGE, and INVERNESS,

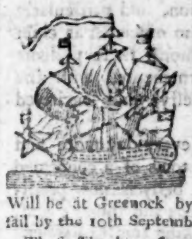
The INVERNESS, *Donald Bain* Maſter.
The HENRIETTA PACKET, *John Ray* Maſter.—And,
The OTTER PACKET, *Joſeph Bull* Maſter.

ONE of theſe veſſels is always lying at Hawley's Wharf, taking in goods and paſſengers for the above places; and one of them ſails from London for the Moray Frith every three weeks; at which time one of them ſails from the Moray Frith for London.

Thoſe who wiſh to have their goods ſpeedy to hand will do well to order them by any of theſe veſſels.

N. B. The above veſſels have excellent accommodation for paſſengers, and the beſt of uſage given them by the maſters.

FOR TORTOLA, TO CALL AT CORK,



THE FORTUNE,

JAMES HOW Maſter,

Now lying at Greenock, ready to receive goods on board, and will be clear for ſea by the 1ſt of September next.

FOR GRENADA,

THE NEW SHIP FAME,
James Leitch, Maſter,

Will be at Greenock by the 10th of Auguſt, and ready to ſail by the 10th September next.

Theſe ſhips have fine accommodation for paſſengers, who may apply to Malcolm, Ritchie, and Leitch, in Greenock, or to Alexander Houſtoun and Company, Glaſgow.

For CHARLESTOWN, SOUTH CAROLINA,

The Snow ACTIVE,

ALEXANDER RAMAGE Maſter,

NOW lying in Leith harbour, ready to receive goods on board, and will be clear to ſail about the 5th of September.

The ACTIVE is a fine new ſhip about 200 tons burthen, has a Mediterranean paſs, and good accommodation for paſſengers.

For freight or paſſage, apply to John Scougal, Leith, or the maſter on board.

FOR KINGSTON, JAMAICA,

To call at any of the Windward Iſlands, as freight may offer,

The Brigantine Bell,

JOHN CATHCART Maſter,

Will be ready to receive goods at Greenock, the 20th inſtant and clear to ſail by the 20th September,

For freight or paſſage apply to Captain Cathcart, or John Hamilton, Greenock, or to James Buchanan, Glaſgow.

The Bell is a new Britiſh-built veſſel, about 200 tons, and has excellent accommodation for paſſengers.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *Aug.* 22.

St James's, August 22.

THE following address of the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Cambridge, has been presented to the King by the Rev. Joseph Turner, Doctor in divinity, Vice-Chancellor, and Master of Pembroke Hall, attended by the Earl of Euston, and the Right Honourable William Pitt, representatives in Parliament for the said University, the Hon. Edward James Eliot, and the Rev. George Prettyman, Doctor in divinity, being introduced by the Lord of his Majesty's Bedchamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Cambridge.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Cambridge, in Senate assembled, fully sensible of your Majesty's warm attention to the interests of sound learning and religion, of the high importance of your Majesty's personal example in promoting probity of manners thro' all classes of the people, and of the great equity and mildness of your Majesty's government, humbly beg leave to lay at the foot of your Throne our most sincere congratulations on the late providential preservation of your Majesty's life. We pray to God, that it may long be continued with uninterrupted felicity, and always continue to be a blessing to your people.

Given under our common Seal, this eleventh day of August, 1786.

To which Address his Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

I THANK you for this loyal and affectionate address. The constant zeal and attachment of the University of Cambridge to my government, as well as their attention to the encouragement of useful learning, and to the education of youth in the principles of loyalty, virtue, and piety, will ever insure them my countenance and protection

[This Gazette likewise contains twelve more congratulatory addresses.]

LLOYD's LIST, *Aug.* 22.

THE Dauphin, (or Dolphin) Young, from China, is lost on the island Robert, off the Cape of Good Hope.

Elsinore, 12th Aug. The Dolphin, Robinson, is got off, and gone to Copenhagen to repair; the Resolution, Elliot from Memel to London, is stranded at Holmstadt, and it is feared will remain a wreck; the Success, Gibson, from Memel to Aberdeen, is got off without damage.

Captain Chapman, of the Washington, arrived in the Downs from Virginia, in lat. 48. long. 26. 38. spoke the Jane, Smith, from Greenock to Newfoundland, out 18 days.

Captain Alison, of the Mary, arrived in the Downs from Tortola; on the 28th ult. lat. 35. 20. long. 52. 30. spoke the Albion, M'Millar, from Grenada for Glasgow; and on the 8th inst. in lat. 44. long. 27. spoke the Ark, Foster, from Falmouth to Quebec, all well.

The Flor de Naugacas, Vieira, from Maranham to Oporto, foundered; the crew saved by a Dutch ship bound to Amsterdam.

The Ann Marian, Niver, from Dublin to Riga, is on shore at Creenan Lock, her bottom damaged, two anchors and a boat lost.

The Flora, Bonfal, from Jamaica, said to be arrived at Liverpool, is premature.

The Pitt, Cowper, for China, was spoke the 18th of May, lat. 19. S. long. 30. 30. W. all well.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, *Aug.* 22.

Copenhagen, July 29. It was represented to the Hereditary Prince lately, that the licentiousness of the press had arisen to such a height, that there was an absolute necessity for checking it, and encreasing the number of typographical censors. His Royal Highness, however, scouted the idea, declaring that as it was impossible to check the liberty of thinking, it was idle to propose checking that of printing; nor could he see any necessity for it. Since this wise and manly declaration, many pamphlets, which had been prohibited, are now circulated without restraint.

Berlin, Aug. 10. On occasion of the treaty of association which is just concluded between our Court and that of Hanover, the latter has sent sundry presents to the illustrious persons who had the honour to conduct the negociation, and particularly to the Comte de Zinzendorf, who officiated as chief in this important business. Among these presents ther are several gold boxes, ornamented with the portrait of his Britannick Majesty, and encircled with brilliants.

The life of his Majesty is every day more and more precarious. All the symptoms of a confirmed dropsy are now manifest. His belly is now prodigiously swelled, as well as his legs and thighs; and, of course, he is incapable of taking the smallest exercise. The operation of tapping has been prescribed, but his Majesty positively declares against it.

LONDON, *Aug.* 22.

We are informed, that in the course of the summer, their Majesties propose visiting the University of Cambridge, to see the Colleges and other curiosities therein.

An express arrived at the Secretary of State's office on Friday last, from Mr Eden, our Plenipotentiary at Paris, with an account of the final arrangement of the long pending Commercial Treaty.

In consequence of the above great commercial regulation, several merchants and manufacturers have been summoned to attend the Council, to give their opinion on some points that are purposed to be adopted.

The same express brought a letter from his Most Christian Majesty to the King, congratulating him, in the most friendly terms, on his late escape.

The Minister certainly deserves applause for having consulted the merchants and manufacturers, respecting the various articles of manufactory included in the French treaty of commerce; for instance, it was the first intention of the Treasury to have allowed a drawback, or bounty, upon iron ware, in order to counterbalance the heavy duty upon importation. Therefore, a few days since, he consulted with two of the most capital dealers in that trade, who plainly pointed out the impositions that might be practised, if such a measure was to take place, because a very great quantity of iron is the native produce of this country; hence it would have been impossible to have discriminated between the manufactory of foreign iron that had paid duty, and British that had not. Upon this obvious objection, the intended bounty was dropped.

Yesterday, being the birth-day of his Royal Highness Prince William Henry, who then entered the 22d year of his age, the same was observed at Windsor with every demonstration of joy. Their Majesties received the compliments of the nobility on the occasion; and the evening concluded with a ball.

Although it is not the nature of man to be all perfection, yet the princely qualities of the heir to the Imperial Crowns of Great Britain and Ireland exalt human nature, and would add lustre to the splendor of a throne. His Royal Highness has won the hearts of the whole kingdom; and all men, by a general concern for his situation, and a general admiration of his noble and princely conduct, shew an universal affection and respect; in spite of the malicious reflections of those scribblers, who with a weak head and a bad heart, foolishly think that the best way to praise the Royal Parent is to debase the Princely Son.

A vessel is arrived in the river from Tripoly with a present from the Bey to his Majesty, consisting of some wild beasts and birds of very curious species, which are to be deposited in the Tower. The vessel is African, and sent over for this express purpose. The Bey's Ambassador (now in London) is expected to return home in her.

At a public meeting of the people called Quakers, held on Sunday last at Wandsworth, an humble thanksgiving was offered to God for the happy escape of his Majesty from the late attempt to assassinate his Royal Person; which is an evident proof that a true spirit of loyalty possesses the minds of a people, who upon all other public occasions were never known to comply with outward forms.

Since the Commissioners for reducing the national debt began to carry the act into execution, there have been but eleven regular days on which they could purchase stock, in which time they have bought up 78,000 l. and on Tuesday they begin again to purchase; and by the end of this month they will have bought up 120,000 l. three per cents.

Out of the 100,000 l. which the Duke of York's agents paid Lord Galway on Thursday, for the Yorkshire estate, 75,000 l. will be next week reinstated in the funds.

Yesterday not being a regular day of business at the Bank, an attempt was made to fall the price of stock, but without success; for at the close of the market, at three o'clock, there seemed to be a strong disposition to *buy*.

General Rainsforth, the newly appointed Governor of Gibraltar, is on the eve of taking his passage out to the Mediterranean in one of the frigates from Portsmouth going out on that station; so that Gen. Eliot may be expected in England before Christmas.

The following is the exact state of our present naval peace establishment, as recommended from the Cabinet Council, and now confirmed by the Admiralty Board.

Home establishment—Sixteen ships of the line as guardships at different ports, viz. Portsmouth seven, Plymouth six, Chatham none, and Sheerness three.

Seven frigates, and thirty sloops and cutters, in the Channel and other stations, viz. to protect the fisheries in the North Seas, one frigate, two sloops, and three cutters. In the Irish seas, two frigates and three sloops. In the north of Scotland, to prevent smuggling, &c. one frigate and four sloops. In the north of Ireland, to prevent smuggling, two sloops, one cutter. In the west of Ireland, with the same intention, one frigate, two sloops. On the Guernsey station, one frigate and three sloops. On the Downs station, one frigate, three sloops, and two cutters. Off Yarmouth, and from thence to the conflux of the river Thames and Medway, to prevent smuggling, three sloops and two cutters.

In the Mediterranean—one ship of 50 guns, one of 40, two of 28, one sloop.

Coast of Africa—one frigate of 32 guns, one sloop of 14 guns, and one cutter of 10 guns.

At Jamaica one ship of 50 guns, four frigates and three sloops, under command of A. Gardner, Esq; Commodore of the Red squadron.

In the Leeward Islands—one ship of 50 guns, (under command of Sir R. Hughes, who continues till next spring) two frigates, and three sloops.

In America—at Halifax, where the principal command is stationed, one of 50 guns, three frigates, and four sloops. The Newfoundland squadron is only temporary.

At Quebec—one sloop of 16 guns, and one tender of 10 guns.

In the East Indies—one ship of 50 guns, under command of Sir Richard Bickerton, Commodore of the Red squadron, three frigates of 36, 28, and 24 guns, and two sloops of 16 guns each.

Recapitulation of the whole naval peace establishment Sixteen ships of the line, five ships of 50 guns, twenty-three frigates, and forty-six sloops and cutters.

An over-land express is preparing to be sent to Bombay from the India-house in the course of the present month. The last which passed by this conveyance was 73 days, but as many inconveniences are removed, they are expected to be shorter in future.

The Earl Talbot East Indiaman, Taylor, is safe arrived at Madras.

There are five new East Indiamen just ready to launch in the course of a few days: they being taken up by the Directors of the East India Company for the ensuing fleet; and the builders at Rotherhithe, Deptford, Blackwall, &c. have commissions to lay down the keels of twelve more, which are to be finished with as much expedition as the nature of things will admit.

Letters from Petersburgh, dated July 20, mention, that her Imperial Majesty had appointed Admiral Greig, an officer formerly in the English service, Inspector of the Edifices for performing Quarantine, and other improvements, now carrying on in the harbour of Cronstadt.

By advices from Vienna, dated July 26th, we hear the Emperor continued his tour towards Transylvania in the most perfect health On his arrival at Semlin, he received a polite message from the Pacha of Belgrade with a present of some valuable curiosities. The Turkish officer employed upon this business, conversed for some hours in the Italian language with the Emperor, and assured him the Sultan had commanded his subjects to shew him the utmost respect and attention during his progress through part of the Ottoman dominions.

The Emperor was met by a grand procession of the magistrates and inhabitants of Hermanstadt, with whom he entered that town amidst the loudest acclamations. This distinguished personage is as simple in his dress as in his manners. He wears, in general, a plain brown frock in the English taste, hussar boots, and a gold laced riding hat. Thus equipped, and attended by a single servant only, he visits the cabinets of the learned, the workshops of the artists, churches, academies, public monuments, manufactures, and every object from which he can hope to derive instruction.

An accurate calculation has been just made, by order of the Emperor, respecting the population of Flanders and Artois, by which it appears, that the births in those two countries, during the course of the year 1785, amounted to 32,057, of which number 15,987 were boys, and 15,070 were girls. The marriages during the same period amounted to 7648. The persons devoting themselves to celibacy, from a religious motive, made only 132. The deaths were estimated at 29,272, of which 15,041 were males, and 14,231 were females.

Upon a comparison of the above account with one which was taken with equal accuracy in the 1784, it appeared that the population of this country had increased 1785.

The Emperor of Germany, who is the steady patron of learning, has granted sums of money to a body of literati, called the "Fruitful Society," for the advancement of the Hebrew and High Dutch; —to the Royal Society for the improvement of natural philosophy and physic;—and to the Imperial Historical, and Imperial Mathematical Colleges.—His Majesty is also adding, at a great expence, to his library, which is already the first in Europe, and which, among other real curiosities, has a Greek manuscript, upwards of 1300 years old, of the book of Genesis, as well as another of the New Testament; 1500 years old; also a genuine copy of Livy, upwards of 1000 years old. The letters of the Greek Testament are written on purple, and appear very fair.—His Majesty has likewise made some additions to the great number of mathematical instruments purchased many years ago; as well as to his Roman, Greek, and Gothic medals, in his most splendid and valuable museum.

The Stadtholder has as yet taken no notice of the resolution entered into by the States of Holland, relative to the command of the garrison at the Hague. This silence the Dutch explain to be a willing consent to their sovereign determination.

Authentic letters from Paris, dated August 15 declare, that M. Messier had, on the 11th instant, observed the new comet, which Miss Carolina Herschel, sister to the celebrated astronomer, discovered at Windsor a short time since. It was very apparent to M. Messier through a good telescope, and was placed between the constellations of Bernice and the Great Bear.

The letters by the French mail, besides mentioning the commercial arrangement as being settled, say, that the French in general wish for a strict friendship with this country.

The French, says a correspondent, are universally allowed to be a polite, humane, and sensible people; nor can it be deemed partiality to apply the same epithets to the English. The literary productions of each country are the admiration and the models of the polished and the learned part of every other nation; by whom their languages are cultivated with attention. If the commercial treaty, which is said to be finally settled, should introduce a cordial and permanent friendship between these great people, it would form an epoch in the history of humanity, and prove a source of inestimable blessings to mankind.

The Paris Gazette, which arrived yesterday, informs us, that, on the first of this month, Bernard Roye and Catherine Boissel, John Marquaix and Mary Tessier, of Castle in Perigord, having each completed their 50th year in the marriage state, renewed their vows at the castle of Roque, in the diocese of Sarlat, the birth-place of the late Archbishop of Paris. The Abbe Prunis, Prior, of St Cyprian, assisted by his Chapter, performed the ceremony; and the Sieur Maraval, curate of the place, preached a sermon on the occasion. Field-Marshal Comte Beaumont, Commander in Chief of the troops in Perigord, and Lord of the Parish, gave an entertainment, at which many of the neighbouring nobility were present, together with fifty of the children, grand-children, and great-grand-children. The dinner consisted of 262 covers. Mary Diudet, aged 115 years, did the honours of the table. This woman, who has attained so great an age, never had a fit of illness; her constant remedy, if she found herself slightly affected, was cold water. She eats, drinks, and sleeps well. She travelled four leagues to the wedding, part on foot, and part by water. When she entered the domain of Count Beaumont, she was conducted to the castle in one of his carriages, attended by drums, fifes, and hautboys.

A Methodist Preacher yesterday, in the course of his fanatical harangue, was heard to deliver the following profound thesis; "that the world was *eternal* from the *beginning*, and that it would continue *eternal* to the *end!*"

Armstrong, the Sheriff's officer in Carey-street, has ludicrously displayed a painting of Wilkes and *Magna Charta* in the principal sitting room By this means the debtors, though in a prison, have always the prospect of liberty.

Extract of a letter from Windsor, Aug. 22.

"The Princess Elisabeth has been very much indisposed since Thursday last; her Royal Highness was bled twice on Saturday evening, and was thought much better by her physicians both yesterday and this morning."

Extract of a letter from Charlestown, May 6.

"Since the appearance of the paper medium, there has been a general and unexpected circulation of hard money, from which it appears, that the outcry raised relative to the scarcity of cash, proceeded from the fears entertained by the people relative to the validity of the new emission. As its value seems now fairly established, and those causeless fears of its depreciation are certainly done away, the hoarders of dollars, who had lost their keys, have been induced to open their strong boxes and some of them even to pay their debts.

"*June* 12. No official accounts have yet been received by the Governor of state from the Governor of Georgia, relative to the Indian ravages, so that it is fair to suppose that this business does not wear in Georgia so serious an aspect as we were told.

PRICE OF STOCKS, Aug. 22.

Bank Stock, 158 a 157½.	India Stock, —
5 per cent. Ann. 115¼ a ⅜.	3 per cent. Ann. 74½.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 98¼.	India Bonds paid, —
3 per cent. con. 78½.	Ditto unpaid, 110 s. prem.
3 per cent. red. 78½ a ¾.	India Scrip. 14½ prem.
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, —
Long Ann. 23 1-16th a ⅜.	Exch. Bills, —
Ditto 1778, 14 7-16ths a ½.	Lottery Tickets, 14 l. 15 s. 6 d. a 16 s.
South Sea Stock,—	Irish Lottery Tickets, —
3 per cent. Old. Ann. 77⅞ a 78.	Consols for Aug. 79½ a ¾.
Ditto New Ann. —	Consols for Oct. 78¼ a ⅜.
Ditto 1751, —	

WIND AT DEAL, Aug. 21. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Aug. 22.

"The dispatches received from Sir James Harris, the British Ambassador at the Hague, were of so much importance that they were immediately forwarded to the King at Windsor. His Majesty was just stepping into his new-invented chaise, in which there are four rows, or seats, one above the other, with her Majesty, and part of the Royal Family, for a little excursion, but on the receipt of the packet, returned to the palace. With these dispatches, several letters were also received, directed to their Majesties, from the Duke of York, and the other Princes abroad, congratulating the King on the late escape he has had from the attempt made on his life.

"Nothing that may be depended on has yet transpired; but the general opinion is, that a war must soon be the consequence of the present disputes on the Continent.

"It is said, that the last dispatches from Mr Eden, our commercial Plenipo at the Court of Versailles, is not of so flattering a nature as is generally given out. Fresh obstacles, he says, are daily presenting themselves, while the old ones appear as difficult as ever of surmounting In short, a commercial treaty with France seems more and more chimerical. The Court of Russia is the power with which we ought to seek an alliance; but little attention, notwithstanding the long boasted treaty nearly concluded, appears to be paid to it.

"The accounts received by Government of the proceedings of the *White* Boys in Ireland, are so very alarming, that his Majesty has recommended the most serious consideration of it to his Ministers, so that some very spirited instructions concerning them will be transmitted amongst the next dispatches to the Lord Lieutenant.

"The true reason of Sir Guy Carleton's being created a Peer is now well known. The old soldier would not embark for a while, merely on account of the new troubles breaking out in the part of the world he is going to. Several days were employed in finding out another person, but no one being found that would suit, Sir Guy was sent for by a certain great personage, and informed, that a patent was making out creating him a Peer of Great Britain. Sir Guy bowed, and no farther objections have since been heard against his proceeding to take charge of his government."

On Wednesday last, John Erskine, Esq; Advocate, son to the Hon. James Erskine of Alva, one of the Senators of the College of Justice, was married to Miss Christian Carruthers, eldest daughter of John Carruthers, Esq; late of Holmains, one of the Surveyors-General of the Window-lights.

We are informed, that a King's messenger is come down from London, requiring the attendance there of the Right Hon. Henry Dundas, Treasurer of the Navy. Mr Dundas having gone on a visit to his Grace the Duke of Gordon, the Messenger set off for Gordon Castle, and there delivered his dispatches to Mr Dundas, who is, in consequence expected in this city, Monday next, on his way to London.

We hear that a petition and complaint was laid before the Barons of Exchequer, last term, by the Burgesses of Musselburgh against the Magistrates of that town, complaining of the dilapidation of the public funds of the burgh; and particularly on account of the Magistrates allowing the harbour to go into great disrepair, insomuch that no vessel can come in or go out with safety, notwithstanding that the funds of the burgh, and the grants for supporting the harbour, are said to be fully sufficient for that purpose, if properly applied. The Barons ordered the petition and complaint to be served on the Magistrates, which was accordingly done.

At a meeting of a committee, last week, appointed to inquire into the present high price of provisions in London, the entertainment consisted of a turtle, two haunches of venison, a surloin of beef, ham and chickens, ducks and pease, pasties, pies, tarts, custards, cheese cakes, whips, jellies, &c. &c. &c. *ad infinitum.* The company were 50 and the bill was only 40 l. It is certain that the provisions were *reduced* whatever the *price* was.

It is with pleasure we inform the public, that a subscription-paper, laid upon the table of the Tontine Coffeehouse, Glasgow, only a few days ago, for promoting the design concerted at London of erecting a statue and monument to the honour of

John Howard, Esq; has already got so many respectable names, that it is proposed to close it next Monday, and to transmit it to London by that post.

On Tuesday last, a field of very fine oats on the estate of Rosehall, in the parish of Old Monkland, was cut down; and several fields of wheat and barley, in the neighbourhood of Glasgow, have been reaped within these few days.

They write from the West Highlands, that at present there is the greatest prospect of the finest herring fishing that has been for several years past; most of the busses for the summer fishing having already got full cargoes.

The smack Young, of Kirkaldy, Robertson master, arrived at London thr 16th current.

On the 17th instant, Peter Miller, change-keeper in Anderstoun, was convicted before the Justices, and fined in five pounds sterling, for detaining arms, &c. belonging to the King, and received by him from two soldiers in the 63d regiment quartered in Glasgow.—The public should be aware, that a like penalty can be levied from all persons guilty of aiding or assisting in the desertion of any soldier, or buying, exchanging, or otherwise receiving any arms, caps, clothes, or other furniture, belonging to the King, from any soldier or deserter. If the persons guilty be not able to pay the fines, the Justices are authorised to order the offenders to be imprisoned or whipped.

We are also informed, that the Magistrates of Glasgow lately fined one Smith, for attacking the centinels at the Cross; that he is at present in prison; and the Magistrates are determined to punish such offences with rigour in future.

Extract of a letter from Kirkwall, Aug. 12.

"I am just now informed by an express from Shetland, that about twenty-two days ago, some armed ships made their appearance upon that coast, and after cruising some time, they were joined by some more ships, so that the whole number was at last thirteen; one of the men that was aboard says they were French, but they would not allow him to discourse any to the private men; that the ships were full of men, and it is thought they were bound for the East Indies."

Extract of a letter from York, Aug. 25.

"On Wednesday at forty minutes after one o'clock, the gallant Lunardi amply fulfilled his engagement to the public, by ascending with his Royal Balloon from Kettlewell's Orchard, behind the Minster, amidst the acclamations of several thousand spectators. His ascension was truly sublime. The balloon rose to a prodigious height, so as to be distinctly seen in every part of the town, and took a N. E. direction. A very dark cloud for some minutes obscured the intrepid aeronaut from the gazing multitude; who had, however, soon the pleasure of again observing his progress at a great distance, through the trackless atmosphere. Mr Lunardi's dexterity in filling his balloon, which was done in little more than eighteen minutes, and every part of his conduct throughout the business, merited great praise, and afforded the highest satisfaction to every beholder.

"Mr Lunardi descended an hour after his ascent in a corn field, and observed people flocking from every quarter towards him, by which he was apprehensive of the corn being injured, and therefore rose again and went out of sight. At three o'clock he finally descended between two hills, in a place called Greenock in the parish of Bishop Wilton, about 20 miles from hence. A few shepherds came to his assistance after he was perfectly anchored, and the number of his rustic visitors increasing, he discharged the inflammable air from the balloon, and with their assistance packed it up. Robert Dennison, Esq; who had rode after him from his house at Kildwick Percy, arrived in time to give proper directions for conveying the balloon safe to that place, and having accommodated Mr Lunardi with his horse, took him home to dinner, and afterwards most politely brought him in his own chaise and four to this city. Though it was night when they entered the town, the anxiety of the people for Mr Lunardi's safety was so great, that immediately on his appearance they took the horses from the carriage, and drew him to his lodgings in triumph.

"Soon after which, Mr Lunardi dressed, and paid his respects to the ladies and gentlemen at the Assembly Rooms; where he was received with the warmest expressions of welcome and applause.

"Mr Lunardi when at a great elevation from the earth, experienced very inclement weather; and had rain, hail, and snow, and was in the midst of electrical clouds. The neck of his balloon was rather frozen, and himself quite benumbed with cold, when he descended.

Extract of a letter from Aberdeen, Aug. 24.

"Here we are much engaged about a scheme for *uniting* our two independent Colleges. To accomplish this, a petition, craving a visitation of both has been lately transmitted to London. At present Philosophy, Divinity, Greek, &c. are taught at the same time, in both Colleges; so we have two Professors for each branch. The promoters of the Union wish, that there be only one Professor for each; and that the supernumerary salaries which thence arise, be given to Lecturers on Anatomy, Chemistry, Botany, &c., and to Lecturers on Law. Thus, say they, we shall save the expence of travelling to Edinburgh to study these.

"The opposers of the Union represent, That when there is only one College here, the Public will lose the benefit which arises from an honest emulation, inducing each of the two colleges to wish to increase the number of its students; and, with that view, to excel the other, by making better scholars and better men: That this rivalship hath hitherto prevented the price of education from becoming extravagant here: That if we have only one Professor for one branch, the number of his students must be doubled, and consequently his attention to each greatly diminished; and, unless you frequently *examine* young students, they neglect your *Lectures*: That, on the old footing, if any one of our Colleges should fail in furnishing proper education, or in any other respect, we could send our sons to the other; if the United College should misgive, we must be at the much greater expence of sending them as far as St. Andrews, or to you. All these advantages, we are, say they, to forego, for the prospect of medical and law schools; while, at the same time, these may be utterly unattended: For, we have already Medical Professors, with salaries, established in both Colleges, and a Law Professor in one of them: These have occasionally attempted to collect classes, but without any success; though Physicians of the first rank co-operated as Lecturers.

"One of our Colleges is more largely endowed than the other; and, as might naturally be expected, the members of the least endowed College are unanimous in favour of the Union: They prepared the petition for a visitation, without communicating with the other, and have secretly applied to many respectable persons for their subscriptions to a paper recommending the Union as an improvement: They have thus stole a march: But a business like this could not long remain a secret; and, since the discovery, the elder and richer lady has opposed vigorously such a communion of goods, on the principle of its being inconsistent both with her interest and that of the Public."

Extract of a letter from Dumfries, Aug. 22.

"Tuesday last, about one o'clock in the morning, the mill of Hallcaths, near the burgh of Lochmaben, was set on fire, (supposed wilfully) and burnt to the ground.

"The crops in general in this neighbourhood are remarkably good. Last week the harvest commenced, and a great deal of barley, wheat, and oats, is already cut down; and much more might have been done if the weather had not been wet these last eight days."

Extract of a letter from Cork, Aug. 14.

"Last Thursday night, a number of White-boys, to the amount of 600, assembled at the church of Kilmichael, armed with guns, swords, pikes, iron crows, and sledges, and after many outrages, came to the house of Mr James Good, of Arnaneen, an honest, industrious man, with a large family, and after destroying most of his effects, entirely pulled down his house. Mr Good fortunately was not at home, or he would have been murdered. Mrs Good was turned out with seven small children into the fields, where they remained till morning.

"Yesterday, two of those deluded people called White-boys, were under the escort of a corporal and six privates of the 4th regiment, conducting to our county goal, under the warrant of Augustus Warren, Esq; when the party was most violently attacked by above two thousand White-boys, near the Ovens, and were obliged to fire on them. They shot three of the delinquents dead, wounded seven, and safely lodged the prisoners in our goal."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Aug. 19.

"Thursday, his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, attended by the Commander in Chief, and a number of officers of distinction, laid the first stone of the Royal Infirmary for sick and wounded soldiers, on that beautiful site in the Phœnix Park, formerly occupied by the late Surgeon-General Nicholls.

"Yesterday morning, a squadron of the 4th horse, marched from the barracks for Durrow, in the King's county, in order to quell the White-boys.

"An order has been issued by Government, for the grenadier and light infantry companies of all the regiments in our garrison to march towards the south of Ireland, in order to put a stop to the tumultuous proceedings of the insurgents known by the name of Right Boys.

"Yesterday, three troops of the 4th horse, under the command of Captain Purden, set off for Kilkenny, to replace a party of light horse, ordered out against the White-boys.

"General Luttrell is to have the command of all the army in the south of Ireland."

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

SIR,

I AM one of those who very much approve of the extensive improvements at present carrying on for the greater convenience and ornament of this city. Our present worthy Chief Magistrate in particular, deserves the warmest thanks of his fellow citizens for his uncommon attention and unwearied exertions in hastening their completion. But, Sir, while I, with the highest pleasure, contemplate *Edina*'s rising fame in point of *external* improvement, I cannot help, at the same time, lamenting that depravity of manners which, in the lower classes of her youth of *both* sexes, but too generally prevails, and the fruitless exertions of magisterial power to check the growing evil. It is true, indeed, we have of late seen repeated instances of magisterial attention in punishing youth while in the career of vice, by ordering them to be publicly whipped through the streets of the city. The experience of many years, however, has shown, that this mode of punishment, instead of preventing in future the commission of crimes, has but too frequently paved the way to greater atrocity of conduct, and at last ended the unhappy objects of it upon a gallows. This opinion is by no means singular *. But, Sir, without there is an additional degree of attention exercised in tracing this depravity to its various sources, every exertion of the civil power to stop the baneful current, will prove of no avail. Amongst the many sources to which this depravity may be traced, I see none more evident than the *company* and *conversation* of *bad* women. When women step aside from a virtuous to a vicious course of life, we will, for the most part, find them tenfold more wicked than the vicious of our sex. To account for this, various causes have been assigned, into neither of which is it my intention at present to enquire; although I cannot help remarking, that however wicked and abandoned women of this description may be, it is surely in the power of the Civil Magistrate to prevent their baneful influences, by patroling the public streets. This evil is *now* become so alarming, that it is not possible for a sober citizen to go in the evening from one part of the city to another, without interruption from those infatuated wretches and their worthless associates. Here then, Sir, is an abundant source of *internal reform* for our city rulers, and to which, I hope, they will pay immediate attention. What signifies all the *external* improvements so rapidly going on, if the *manners* of the inhabitants are rude, nay *vicious*? The mode of reform to which I would humbly call the attention of the Magistrates, may be comprehended in the five following particulars: 1st, Let constables double their diligence in suppressing houses of *bad fame*: This may be easily accomplished, by frequently committing their riotous visitants to the city-guard. 2d, Let the practice of *balls*, or *dancings*, as they are termed, held in low public-houses, be discouraged. By means of bad women, and the innocent game they intrap, a number of those tippling-houses are supported. The unwary apprentice is easily caught in the fatal snare, and rather than forego the *imaginary* pleasure he enjoys from the company of his vicious associates, will rob his master, or lay violent hands upon the property of others. 3d, Let masters keep a strict eye upon the conduct of their apprentices *after*, as well as *during*, the business of the day. 4th, Let *centinels* upon the street carefully attend to the duties of their respective stations, instead of occupying the greater part of their time in conversing with these women upon the pavement, and thereby giving countenance to their nocturnal appearances. 5th, Let a *Bridewell* be built, into which the *idle* and abandoned of both sexes may be put to labour for the public good, since they are so much averse to labour for themselves.

Thus, Sir, I have mentioned a few of those causes to which, I apprehend, we may ascribe the baneful influence of *bad* women, and have suggested a few particulars, which, if properly attended to, will, I am persuaded, have the happy effect of at least checking, if not wholly removing, an evil which has but too long been complained of.

Edin. Aug. 25. MONITOR.

* See the Judges opinions in the trial of Graham the swindler, as given in your paper of Wednesday the 2d inst. And here, Sir, I cannot let this opportunity escape without thanking you for the very full, accurate, and useful accounts which are occasionally given in *your* paper of the trials before our Supreme Criminal Court. Making public the opinions of the Judges, in which the enormity of crimes is represented in their proper points of view, must be attended with most beneficial consequences to the country at large, and will, I hope, operate much towards the prevention of deeds shocking to humanity, as well as disgraceful to us as a nation.

HISTORICAL ANECDOTE.

Translated from the Russian language, the original manuscript of which is deposited in the Imperial Library at Petersburgh.

DURING the troubles occasioned by the boundless ambition of the Princess Sophia, it is well known the revolt of the Strelitzes brought the Russian empire to the brink of ruin.

A brother to the famous Tottelawitan, Colonel of this corps, lost his life on a scaffold. His name was Osakoi; and, as his effects were confiscated, he left a son in the most deplorable wretchedness. This unfortunate youth, having almost miraculously escaped the pursuits of the Emperor's emissaries, was concealed in an obscure village by an old slave of his father's: When he was grown up, that domestic informed him of the secret of his birth, and proposed to him to revenge the misfortunes of his family by assassinating the Czar, a proposition at which the young man shuddered, though he thought proper to dissemble his real feelings.

The slave, who imagined he had nearly persuaded him to take part in a proposed conspiracy, prevailed on him to set out for Moscow, where he would find, he said, many others ready to engage with him in the enterprise. Osakoi, either through weakness, or seduced into hope of revenge, followed his conductor. They arrived during the darkness of night, and stopped at a tavern near Kromlin, where the Emperor then resided.

The slave having found out his associates, they determined to meet that very night, and the place of rendezvous was the ruins of an old house, not far from the Imperial palace.

Osakoi, who often had endeavoured to prevail on his companion to let him know the names of the conspirators, pressed him again to satisfy his curiosity, but without success.

"The time fixed on for our assembling approaches, (said the slave.) You are going to associate with brave men, animated with the hope of vengeance, and who, notwithstanding your youth and inexperience, desire to have you at their head. The humiliating condition to which you are reduced, and the blood of your father, which is still reeking, ought to inspire you with fortitude, and make you brave every danger in pursuit of revenge."

This exhortation made young Osakoi tremble, and not without reason, as the tavern was full of Russians, who, according to the custom of the country, were striving who should get drunk first.

It is true, the slave spoke in a low voice, and in a kind of dialect not understood by the Russians of Moscow. Yet might not some one be present to whom it was familiar? But every criminal is almost always blind, and almost always betrays himself.

The slave and Osakoi repaired to the place where this fatal meeting was held, and found the conspirators already assembled. The principal among them thus addressed himself to Osakoi:

"You see before you, said he, a number of unfortunate men, who have escaped from the tyranny of the Czar. That barbarian, though he has murdered the greatest part of the Strelitzes, our brethren, either by the executioner or his own hand, has not been able to wreak his cruelty upon us. Shudder, young Osakoi. I saw your wretched father weltering in his blood: unable to save, I followed him to the scaffold. Ten years have we wandered in the wildest of deserts, and been forced to obtain by fraud a subsistence which, as soldiers and citizens, we had a right to demand; but to-morrow the cruel tyrant and his principal courtiers shall fall beneath our weapons. Young man, we loved thy father; he was our leader; be thou his successor, and let thy fortitude render thee worthy of our choice. When a Sovereign has broken through the legal bounds of his power, true courage, to effect its deliverance, must likewise pass the limits of duty and humanity."

Osakoi, sensible that, in his situation, to hesitate would be punished with instant death, assumed the appearance of a resolution which he did not possess.

The conspirators determined, at parting, to reassemble the next night at the same hour, and, for greater security, the slave and Osakoi returned to the tavern by different ways.

Osakoi was scarcely thirty paces distant from the place of meeting, when he saw himself followed by a Russian, who requested he would go with him; and Osakoi, imagining him to be one of the conspirators, complied with his request. Coming to a narrow stair-case, they went up with some difficulty, and entering a small closet, his companion immediately shut the door.

"Be not surprised, said the Russian, at my behaviour; what I have to say requires the greatest secrecy. I, as well as you, have just left that assembly where the death of the Czar has been determined. This night is the first time the conspirators have condescended to admit me among them, tho', like yourself, sufficient motives to revenge have rendered me an irreconcileable enemy to my Sovereign. But, though his cruelties may well deserve to be expiated by his blood, our schemes seem but badly planned. Who, indeed, are these conspirators? Criminals, who have escaped the rigour of the laws, though guilty of every outrage: villains, who mean nothing but murder, robbery, and pillage. And, who their accomplices? If you believe them, the principal persons of the empire; yet they dare not, nor are they perhaps able, to name any of that class. What man of honour, then, would so demean himself as to associate with such banditti? And what plan have they revealed to us? For whom do we risk our lives? We neither know their schemes, their means, nor their resources. Yet they wish us to be the blind instruments of such an enterprise. These, young Osakoi, were my doubts; these my fears, while we were assembled. The conspiration have named you their chief. I approve their choice. Let what is dark and mysterious in this plot be discovered to me, and you may depend on my concurrence."

A heart simple and undisguised as it was first formed by nature, and removed by fortune far from the intrigues of the capital, and corruption of Courts, as it is itself incapable of treachery, is seldom suspicious. Osakoi was struck with the confidence of the Russian, and emboldened by it to discover his sentiments.

"You may have remarked, said he, my surprise at finding myself in such an assembly. Satisfied with my condition, unacquainted with the world which lay beyond the confines of the inconsiderable village in which I lived, I enjoyed tranquillity uninterrupted. Here I am, yet scarce know how I came here. I am told it is my duty to avenge the death of my father, and murder my Sovereign. Yet I never knew this father, nor whether he were innocent or guilty, though I am required for his sake to assassinate my Emperor. Such maxims, I confess, are contrary to the feelings of my nature. For, who am I that I should become the judge of a mighty monarch? Has Heaven invested me with authority to punish him? The very proposal made me shudder, but the fear of death prevented my answering in the language of my heart. Since you have discovered your sentiments to me, I have, with equal freedom, discovered mine to you. I detest every criminal action; and, above all, the horrible one which I have engaged to perform. A voice within me perpetually remonstrates, *Love and respect thy Sovereign.* Have pity, therefore, on my youth; I will be directed by your advice. Preserve me from the fury of these barbarians, who have chosen me to be the executioner of their master and mine. For, if I must perish, or attempt the life of the Czar, I had far rather perish innocent."

"Thou shalt not perish, virtuous youth, cried the Russian: To the Czar *himself* thou art now speaking, and he will not fail to recompence such ingenuous and noble sentiments."

In fact, the monarch had gone, in the disguise of a slave, and overheard a part of the plot in the tavern. This discovery inspired him with the idea of joining the ruffians, who had conspired his destruction. He boldly repaired thither, and mixed with the assassins. He perceived that Osakoi seemed disturbed, and hesitated in his answers; he determined, therefore, to save him, if less guilty than the rest.

UNDRAWN TICKETS in the IRISH STATE LOTTERY now drawing, may still be had at WHITE AND MITCHEL'S, opposite to the Tron Church, Edinburgh, where authentic lists of each day's drawing arrives. The drawing is nearly half over, and both the prizes of 10,000 l. one of 2000 l. five of 1000 l. and five of 500 l. undrawn, besides thirteen of 100 l. thirty-two of 50 l. ninety-nine of 20 l. and five thousand five hundred and twenty-four of 10 l. Tickets Nine Guineas each.

IRISH STATE LOTTERY.

ELEVENTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 14,777, 5000 l. No. 22,788, 100 l.

And the following prizes of 20 l. each,

No. 2183, 6362, 27,382, 29,685, 14,043, 17,940, 27,310, 5178.

TWELFTH DAY'S DRAWING,

No. 23,561, 100 l.

No. 2210, 7642, 25,605, 50 l. each.

And the following prizes of 20 l. each,

No. 17,874, 11,062, 26,591, 20,397, 24,795, 5770, 30,807, 32,867.

The Jeanie, Martine, is arrived at Charlestown from Clyde.

Jeanie, M'Gill, at Bourdeaux, from Potoma k river.
Rosamond, Angus, at Virginia, from St Kitts.
Swift, Shephard, at Grenada, from Virginia.
Britannia, Galbraith, at Morlaix, from Virginia.
Jamaica, Malcolm, at Hull, from North Carolina.
Æolus, Davies, at Rotterdam, from l'Orient.
Rappahannock, Baker, at Morlaix, from ditto.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

Aug. 9. Unity of and from Dundee, Boyack, for St Petersburgh, in ballaſt.

Nancy of and from ditto, Lanceman, for ditto, in ditto.

Apolla of Kirkcaldy, Landal, from Fleckeford, for Memel, in ditto.

10. Robert and Chriſtian of and from Dundee, Scivewright, for St Petersburgh, in ditto.

12. Succeſs of Newcaſtle, Gibſon, from Memel, for Aberdeen, with baulks.

Arrived and Remain, wind bound,

9. Hercules of Dundee, Greig, from St Petersburgh, for Dundee, with flax.

Friendſhip of Leven, Thomſon, from Memel, for Leven, with baulks.

——— of Irvine, M'Millan, from ditto, for Irvine, ditto.

20. Gilmerton of Dunbar, Leſlie, from Stettin, for London, with ſtaves.

Tibby of Frazerſburgh, Dalrymple, from Dantzick, for Frazerſburgh, with ditto.

Ruby of Borrowſtounneſs, Johnſton, from Memel, for Borrowſtounneſs, with balks.

Sebaſtian of Grangemouth, Bell, from St Petersburgh, for Leith, with flax.

21. Lady Francis of Leith, Gordon, from ditto, for Rotterdam, with tallow.

22. Janet of Crail, Hodge, from ditto, for Dundee, with flax.

Elſinore, Auguſt 12. 1786. Wind W. N. W.

WOOD AND HOWDEN.

ORKNEY SHIPPING.

Sailed from Stromneſs.

Aug. 3. Jamaica of Greenock, Malcolm, from North Carolina, for Hull, with torpentine, tobacco, and rice.—8. Polly of and from Peterhead, Robiſon, for Lewis, in ballaſt; Northumberland of Sunderland, Lomſtell, from Memel, for Liverpool, with wood; Eagle of Beith, Ogel, from St Petersburgh, for Newry, with hemp and flax; ——— of and for Saltcoats, Gamel, from Memel, with wood.—9. Norfolk of Sunderland, Trofot, from Chriſtianſound, for Liverpool, with deals.—10. Roſs of and for Stranraer, Crokar, from Gottenburgh, with iron and deals; Fame of Shiells, Blair, from Petersburgh, for Liverpool, with hemp and flax; Molly of and for Glaſgow, Willey, from Chriſtiana, with deals; Ann of and for Port Glaſgow, Graham, from Kirkwall, with kelp.

ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH, Aug. 21. Chriſtian, Roxburgh, from Gottenburgh, with deals and iron.—23. Janet, Spittle, from ditto, with ditto.—24. Ruby, Johnſton, from Memel, with timber.—25. Emanuel, Adie, from Arundale, with ditto; Francis, Duncan, from Alloa, with bricks; Borrowſtounneſs, Auld, from Borrowſtounneſs, for Glaſgow, with goods; Providence, Roſs, from Leith, for ditto, with ditto; Ann, Kid, from Wiſbeach and Leith, with flour.

SAILED, Aug. 24. Glaſgow, Walker, for London, with goods; Jean, Jurey, for Limekil's, with oatmeal; Carron Packet, Walker, for Leith, with caſt and wrought iron goods; Chriſtian, Thorkſon, for Norway, in ballaſt; Aſſilla and Ann, Olſon, for ditto, with ditto.—25. Experiment, Duncan, for Hull, with caſt and wrought iron goods.

ARRIVED at LEITH, Aug. 23. Nelly and Anne, Henderſon, from Thurſo, with kelp.—24. Mary, Ruſſel, from Ipſwich, with grain; Diana, Ritchie, from London, with goods; Nancy, Kay, from Chriſtianſand, with tar; Oſwald, Beattie, from Perth, with grain; Ducheſs of Hamilton, Brodie, from Rocheſter, with wine; Betſey and Brothers, Wiſhart, from Petersburgh, with goods.—25. John, Robertſon, from Alloa, with grain; Anne's Increaſe, Grieve, from North Berwick, with grain; Carron Packet, Walker, from Carron, with goods; Mercury, Kincaid, from Borrowſtounneſs, with coals and goods; Nelly, Paterſon, from Gardenſton, with meal and grain; Induſtry, Johnſton, from Littlehampton, with bark.—26. Henrietta, Bruce, from Montroſe, with grain; Betſey and Peggy, Robertſon, from Berwick, with grain; Affiance, Leck, from Ray, with bark; Adventurer, Greigrey, from Inverneſs, with grain; ——and two ſloops with coals.

SAILED, Jean, Napier, for Glaſgow, with goods; Jean, Ferrier, for Glaſgow, with goods; Katharine and Iſobel, Lyell, for Perth, with goods; Diſpatch, Aitken, for Glaſgow, with goods; James, Somervell, for Newcaſtle, with goods; Mally, Mack, for Montroſe, with goods.

Intended Application to Parliament,

For a Turnpike Road and Bridge over Tiviot.

I WILLIAM SMITH, writer in Kelſo, clerk to the Truſtees for putting in execution an act of Parliament, paſſed in the 6th year of his preſent Majeſty's reign, entitled, "An act for repairing the road from the burgh of Lauder, in the ſhire of Berwick, to and through Kelſo, in the ſhire of Roxburgh to the March burn," do hereby, in conformity to the directions of the ſaid Truſtees, and agreeably to the ſtanding orders of the Right Honourable Houſe of Commons of Great Britain, give notice to all concerned, That application is intended to be made to Parliament in the enſuing Seſſion thereof, for leave to bring in a bill, for more effectually making and repairing the road above mentioned; and alſo, for making and repairing the ſeveral other roads after deſcribed, viz. The road from Maxwelhaugh in the pariſh of Kelſo, through the village of Sprouſtown, to Redden March-burn, in the pariſh of Sprouſtown, and county of Roxburgh.—The Road from the town of Kelſo through Birgham, to Fairbairn mill in the county of Berwick, where it joins the turnpike road leading from Coldſtream to Greenlaw, in the ſaid county of Berwick.—The Road from Kelſo by Ednam, in the county of Roxburgh, and Eccles in the county of Berwick, to Orwine's Lane in the ſaid county of Berwick, where it joins the ſaid turnpike road leading from Greenlaw to Coldſtream.—The Road from Newton mill in the ſaid county of Berwick, through Ednam to Highridge-hall, in the ſaid county of Roxburgh, where it joins the ſaid road leading from Kelſo by Birgham.—The Road leading from the Bridge intended to be built over the Tiviot, as herein after mentioned, through the farm of Trows, Ruthetford Common, and the farm of Muirhouſe-law, till it join near Longnewton, to the turnpike road leading from Leader-foot, to the burgh of Jedburgh, all in the county of Roxburgh: And alſo, for building a Bridge over the river Tiviot at any convenient and proper place, between Roxburgh Ferry, and where the ſaid river joins to the Tweed.—The roads above-mentioned paſs through the pariſhes of Kelſo, Sprouſtown, Ednam, Roxburgh, Maxton, in the county of Roxburgh, and Eccles and Ninthorn in the county of Berwick.

By order of the Truſtees,

WILLIAM SMITH.

By authority of the Lord Proveſt and Magiſtrates of Edinburgh.

THERE will be expoſed to public roup and ſale, within the High Juſticiary Room, Edinburgh, on Monday the 11th day of September next, at five o'clock afternoon,

That ruinous Tenement of Land and

Area or Garden behind the ſame, lying at the foot of the Weſt Bow of Edinburgh, weſt ſide, and known by the name of *Hempſeed's Land*, at the upſet-price of 40 l. At the ſame time there will be ſold by public roup, That RUINOUS TENEMENT and Area thereof, within the head of St Mary's Wynd, Edinburgh, commonly called *Loch's Land*, at the upſet-price of 100 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup will be ſeen in the hands of the Dean of Guild clerk of Edinburgh, and of William Sprott Procurator Fiſcal of ſaid city.

Notice to Creditors.

THE Truſtees for the Creditors of Mr ALEXANDER SCOTT, late Merchant in Edinburgh, having ordered a ſecond dividend among the ſaid Creditors, the ſame will be paid by David Herd at the houſe of Mr Ruſſell accomptant; and ſuch of the creditors as have not already produced their claims and grounds of debt, upon lodging the ſame, with their oaths upon the verity of their debts, in the hands of the ſaid David Herd, will receive the preſent and former dividends.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of PATRICK CHRISTIE, tenant at Pliverhall, are deſired to meet in the houſe of Peter Lee, vintner, Old Aſſembly Cloſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 30th Auguſt current, when a ſtate of the ſaid Patrick Chriſtie's affairs are to be laid before the Creditors, for their advice and direction.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM WATHERSTON, Wright and Portioner of Earlſtoun.

THE Subjects which belonged to the ſaid William Watherſton being now ſold, and the price payable, Henry Swan, John Virtue, and William Smith, writers in Kelſo, the truſtees for his creditors, do hereby (in terms of the truſt-diſpoſition in their favour) require the whole creditors to lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, in the hands of the ſaid truſtees, or either of them, between and the 31ſt day of October next, as it is propoſed immediately thereafter to make up a ranking and ſcheme of diviſion without further intimation.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM THOMSON, Linen and Cotton Manufacturer in Newburgh.

THAT upon the application of the ſaid William Thomſon, with concurrence of Henry Inglis, merchant in Cupar, one of his creditors to the extent required by law, the Lord Henderland, Ordinary, officiating on the bills for the time, by interlocutor dated the 24th day of Auguſt current, ſequeſtrated the whole real and perſonal eſtate of the bankrupt wherever ſituated, and appointed his creditors to meet at Newburgh, and within the houſe of Alexander Brown vintner, at the Weſt Shore there, upon Tueſday the 29th day of Auguſt current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpoſe of chuſing an interim factor, in terms of the ſtatute.

The creditors are therefore requeſted to meet, time and place above mentioned, for the purpoſe above expreſſed, bringing with them their grounds of debt, with affidavits thereon.

Second Notice—Firſt Term.

IN the proceſs of Ranking and Sale depending before the Court of Seſſion, at the inſtance of William Ramſay merchant in Edinburgh, truſtee appointed by James Ramſay late Collector of the Ceſs for the town and county of Edinburgh, againſt Alexander Macmillan, eldeſt ſon of the deceaſed John Macmillan, who was lawful ſon of the alſo deceaſed John Macmillan ſtabler, burgeſs of Edinburgh, and his creditors, the Lord Dunſinnan, Ordinary, upon the 11th Auguſt 1786, ſuſtained the purſuer's title, allowed him a proof of the rental and value of the ſubjects under ſale, appointed Lord Ankerville of courſe to rank the ſaid creditors, aſſigned the 15th day of November next, *for the firſt term*, to the whole creditors of the bankrupt to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them reſpectively againſt the bankrupt or his eſtate, with certification, as in a reduction and improbation; and alſo aſſigned the day of next, to the whole creditors, for deponing on the verity of their debts; and granted commiſſion to any of the Juſtices of the Peace of the counties and bounds where they reſpectively reſide, or the commiſſion ſhall be execute for taking their oaths thereupon, any time betwixt and the ſaid day of next; and ordained notice thereof to be given in the Caledonian Mercury and Edinburgh Evening Courant, in common form.

O. M. KIRKPATRICK, Clerk.

Third Notice—Second Term.

IN the Proceſs of Ranking and Sale at the inſtance of Betty, Mary, and Janet Weirs, children and heirs portioners of the deceaſed William Weir of Birkwood, and John Twaddle in Birkwood, huſband of the ſaid Betty Weir; James Cameron in Kiphall, huſband of the ſaid Mary Weir; and William Wightman baker in Edinburgh, huſband of the ſaid Janet Weir, for their intereſt; againſt JAMES THOMSON of South Cumberhead, and James, John, and William Thomſons his ſons, and their creditors,—the Lord Hailes, Ordinary thereto, by interlocutor dated the 9th of Auguſt 1786, aſſigned the 15th day of November next, to the whole creditors to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them againſt the bankrupt or his eſtate, and that for the Second Term; with certification as in a reduction and improbation; and appointed this notice to be given thereof, ſo as the ſame may come to the knowledge of all concerned

O. M. BRUCE, Clk.

Sale of Lands in Mid-Lothian.

TO BE SOLD,

THE LANDS of WESTER BRIGGS, CATSTANE, and FOORD-MOUTH of Almon, lying in the pariſh of Kirkliſton, and ſheriffdom of Edinburgh, conſiſting of about 162 acres 2 roods 3 falls, holding of the Crown for payment of 11 l. 10 s. Scots of feu-duty yearly, and valued in the ceſs-books at 329 l. Scots. The lands lie on the poſt road betwixt Edinburgh and Linlithgow, within a mile of Kirkliſton and ſeven meaſured miles of Edinburgh, are of a very fine ſoil, pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of the river Almond, and command an agreeable proſpect of the country adjacent. On the farm of Weſter Briggs is an excellent Farm-Houſe, and good offices.

The title-deeds and plans of the grounds to be ſeen in the hands of George Hepburn, writer in Edinburgh, to whom or John Fleeming of Craigs, near Bathgate, ſuch as incline to purchaſe may apply; and the tenants of Weſter Briggs will ſhow the lands.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

Sale of a Farm in Stirlingſhire,

Well calculated for a Diſtillery.

UPON Tueſday the 5th day of September next, at 12 o'clock noon, within the houſe of Mrs Muirhead, innkeeper in Denny, there will be expoſed to public roup and ſale,

The Farm and Lands of STONEYWOOD and MACMURICK, in the pariſh of Denny, and ſhire of Stirling, with ſteading of houſes and planting thereon, and a proportional ſhare of Denny-muir, all as laſt poſſeſſed by John Johnſtone diſtiller, the late proprietor, for payment of a ſmall feu-duty to the family of Cumbernauld.

The lands, excluſive of the proportion of muir-ground, conſiſt of about 20 acres are incloſed, ſubdivided, and in good order; are agreeably ſituated on the banks of the Carron, oppoſite to Herbertſhire policy, within two miles of the Great Canal, and ſeven of Stirling, Falkirk, and Kilſyth.

The ſituation is perhaps one of the beſt in Scotland for a Diſtillery, being in the centre of a fine corn country, where coal is cheap and the roads good, and commanding a plentiful ſupply of water in the greateſt drought.

The purchaſer's entry will commence at Martinmas next; and the title-deeds are clear, which, with the articles of ſale, will be ſeen in the hands of James Wright in Stirling, truſtee for Johnſtone's creditors.

A meeting of the Creditors is requeſted, for the purpoſe of fixing the upſet-price of the lands, within the houſe of John Chriſtie, vintner in Falkirk, upon Thurſday the 31ſt inſtant, at 12 o'clock noon.

BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE COMMISSIONERS OF HIS MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS.

THERE is to be expoſed to public roup and ſale, at the Cuſtomhouſes of the Ports, and at Garlieſton, near Wigton, upon the reſpective days after mentioned, at 12 o'clock noon each day,

Sundry Parcels of Red and White

WINE, and others, lately condemned in his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer.

GARLIESTON, Tueſday Aug. 29. 1786.—14 tons Portugal Wine, and 3 hogſheads French Wine.

WIGTON, Wedneſday Aug. 30.—155 Cwt. 2 qrs. 9 lib. Muſcovada Sugar, 10 Cwt. of Coffee, 100 gallons Madeira Wine.

DUMFRIES, Friday, September 1. 50 Cwt. Final Salt, 3 doz. and 7 bottle White Wine, 3 doz. and 5 bottles Red French Wine, with a Manx Boat.

AYR, Saturday September 2. 290 libs. Fine Black Tea, 7 libs. damaged ditto.

KIRKCUDBRIGHT, Monday, Sept. 4.—5½ Gallons Portugal Wine, 11 libs. Black Tea.

GREENOCK, Tueſday, Sept. 5.—3 libs. Black Tea, 67 Cwt. Oat Meal, or 53 3-5ths bolls, 300 and 3 qrs. and 8 white Deals, from 10 to 12 feet long, 225 half Deals, from 6 to 6½ feet, 101 qr. and 20 Ends, from 4 to 5 feet, and 60 Cwt. 2 qrs. Oatmeal.

PORT-GLASGOW, Wedneſday, Sept. 6.—172 libs. Chocolate, 402 libs Coffee Beans, with the Hull of the Dogger De Mercurius, and Brigantine Proſperity, both to be broken up, and the Float Boat of the ſaid brigantine, to be ſold entire.

GLASGOW, Thurſday, Sept. 7.—The Sloop Sally, burden 12 tons, and the Sloop Mally, alſo of 12 tons, with their Boats, Tackle, Furniture, and Aappurel.

LEITH, Friday, Sept. 8.—38 Pounds fine Black Tea, 1 caſe of 5 dozen and 11 choppen bottles Claret, 630 gallons Portugal Red Wine, and 4 pieces French Cambrick for exportation.

MONTROSE, Monday, Sept. 11.—One Open Boat.

ABERDEEN, Tueſday, Sept. 12.—The Hull of the Peggy, to be broke up, but her Float Boat to be ſold entire.

By Adjournment—Upſet-prices Reduced.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Wedneſday the 20th day of September next, within the Tontine Tavern, Glaſgow, between the hours of one and three afternoon,

TheLands and Barony of BARROWFIELD,

with the Lands of Camlachie, Gateſide, Selkrig's Acres, and ſome Borough Lands adjoining to them, all lying contiguous, in the immediate vicinity of the city of Glaſgow, and Barony pariſh of Glaſgow, and county of Lanark. The groſs rent of this eſtate for 1786, (including 110 l. per annum of coal lordſhip) is - L. 1215 1 8½

Deduct public burdens, including land-tax, 58 17 8

Nett rent L. 1156 4 0½

The upſet-price of the whole, if ſet up in one lot, will be, - L. 24000 0 0

The barony of Barrowfield holds of the Crown, and is valued in the ceſs-books of the county at 975 l. Scots.—There is upon the eſtate a good manſion-houſe, with proper offices, and a large garden incloſed with a high ſtone-wall, and well ſtocked with fruit-trees, of which a purchaſer can get poſſeſſion at Whitſunday 1787, and of 20 acres of land adjoining the houſe, at Martinmas next. If no purchaſer appear for the whole eſtate, it will be ſet up in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. The houſe, garden, and ſundry fields round them - - L. 162 10 0
Which will be ſet up at 3725 l.

LOT II. Camlachie parks, Gateſide, Mill and Mill Lands, and feus of Camlachie 177 0 0
Which will be ſet up at 3700 l.

LOT III. Crown Point, houſes and garden, Mountain Blue, Ford Neuck, Back of Barrowfield, and Stabtree, - 167 15 0
Which will be ſet up at 3535 l.

LOT IV. Clydeſide, Gooſe-fauld, and feus of Bridgetown. - - 244 9 0
Which will be ſet up at 5760 l.

LOT V. Broomward and part of new feus of Calton, - - 195 7 0
Which will be ſet up at 4000 l.

LOT VI. Old feus of Calton, and remainder of new feus of ditto, - - 158 0 8½
Which will be ſet up at 3240 l.

LOT VII. Coal Lordſhip, - 110 0 0
Which will be ſet up at 550 l.

The public burdens will be divided and proportioned upon the different lots, according to their reſpective rents.

The rental of this eſtate is yearly encreaſing, by feuing out the lands neareſt to Glaſgow for building upon, for which there is at preſent a great demand.

The lots will be altered, enlarged, or diminiſhed, as perſons intending to purchaſe may deſire.

For particulars, apply to the proprietor at Glaſgow, in whoſe hands the rental, progreſs of writs, and a plan of the eſtate are to be ſeen; or to Lawrence Hill writer to the ſignet; or Alexander Robertſon, writer in Glaſgow;—any of whom will alſo ſhow the rental.

☞ *Perſons deſirous to purchaſe the whole eſtate, or any of the lots by private bargain, may apply to the proprietor.*

A very valuable Property for Sale.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, at John Lorimer's in Dunbar, upon Wedneſday the 27th day of September, at twelve o'clock noon, That LARGE POSSESSION, lately belonging to Mr Knox at Dunbar; the ground plan of which occupies a ſpace of betwixt 300 and 400 feet, alongſt the head of the harbour of Dunbar, and from 80 to 100 feet broad, conſiſting of a neat dwelling-houſe, two malt floors, each 100 feet long and 25 feet broad, and above, two flats of lofts each, which, being divided into 50 feet long, make eight lofts: Another malt floor, 80 by 24 feet, with two lofts above, each of which 80 feet by 24 broad; alſo another building, 75 feet long by 24, conſiſting of lofts, three large cellars, and ſundry other conveniencies: A large brewhouſe, moſt commodiouſly fitted up with a lead-pipe from the town's reſervoir; and pipes to the different cellars, ſteeps, &c.: A large draw-well, with an arched reſervoir; two malt-kilns, viz. for pale and porter malt; three large cloſes and a garden; alſo a herring-houſe, with every conveniency for curing herrings, &c. and a good ſtable.

In ſhort, conſidering the ſituation and other conveniencies, it muſt be a very deſirable purchaſe, either for a diſtillery, brewery, or maltery.

In caſe it ſhall be ſold for a brewery, the brewing utenſils, conſiſting of coppers, vatts, large caſks, coolers, &c. &c. are all ſtill remaining in good order for ſale.

For further particulars, enquire at the truſtee for Meſſrs Knox's creditors at Haddington, or Mr John Tait, town-clerk of Dunbar.

N. B. At ſame time, there are alſo to be ſold, Five Shares of the Eaſt Lothian and Merſe Whale-fiſhing Company.

Sale of Subjects in Cromarty.

THE following Subjects in the town of Cromarty, are to be SOLD by public roup at Cromarty, on Thurſday the 14th day of September next, viz.

I. The HOUSE and GARDEN preſently poſſeſſed by James Grant merchant. The houſe was built within theſe ten years, is ſlated with blue ſlate, and conſiſts of four rooms, two cloſets, and two garret-rooms.

II. The HOUSE and GARDEN preſently poſſeſſed by Iſaac Flood Maſon. The houſe was built within theſe eight years, is ſlated with blue ſlate, and conſiſts of the ſame number of rooms as the former, but of larger dimenſions.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe by private bargain before the day of ſale, may apply to Mr John Innes writer to the ſignet, or to Alexander Shaw and Son, merchants, Inverneſs.

To be LET, and entered to at Martinmas next,

THE Houſe, Office-Houſes, and Gardens of LOUDOUN,

in the ſhire of Ayr, with as much land about the houſe as the tenant may incline, and for ſuch a number of years as may be agreed on. The tenant will have the gallery, dining-room, and four bed-rooms furniſhed. Mr George Douglaſs, at Loudoun, by Kilmarnock, will ſhow the premiſſes; and perſons intending to take the ſame may apply to him, or John Hunter writer to the ſignet.

Some Acres, &c. to be Sold or Let.

ON Thurſday the 5th day of October next, there is to be SOLD by public roup, within the Town-houſe of Queenſferry, at 12 o'clock mid-day,

That Piece of ARABLE LAND meaſuring ſix acres two roods and fifteen falls, with a proportional ſhare of the adjacent commonties, lying a little to the weſtward of the village of Dalmeny, in the neighbourhood of Queenſferry, belonging to the Kirk Seſſion and Schoolmaſter of the ſaid Burgh, and preſently poſſeſſed by the Right Honourable the Earl of Roſeberry, on a tack which expires at the enſuing term of Martinmas.—If theſe Acres are not ſold, they will at the above-mentioned time and place, be let for one year, or for ſuch a number of years as ſhall be agreed on.

For particulars apply to Robert Chapman, town-clerk of Queenſferry, who will ſhow a plan of the ground; and to whom propoſals for a private bargain may be given in.

To be Sold alſo by roup, at the foreſaid time and place, the HOUSES belonging to the Kirk Seſſion, on the ſouth ſide of the ſtreet, and at the weſt end of the burgh of Queenſferry. Not to be repeated.

Sale of Lands in the County of Lanark.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of Andrew Inglis, merchant in Carnwath, upon Thurſday the 5th of October next, betwixt the hours of twelve and two afternoon,

All and Whole the LANDS or FARM of WEST FORTH, lying in the pariſh of Carnwath, and county of Lanark, conſiſting of upwards of 156 Scots acres, with a right to a ſmall part of a Commonty conſiſting of about 500 acres. Twenty acres of theſe lands next to the farm houſes, are very fine croft land, 44 acres outfield arable, 12 meadow, and 80 exceeding fine paſture.

The above lands hold of General Lockhart of Lee and Carnwath, for payment of 16 l. Scots of teind and feu; are very capable of improvement, abound in coal and lime-ſtone, and, as they lie within a mile of Cleugh, where there is a large and flouriſhing iron-work carried on, very great advantages may be expected.

For further particulars apply to William Sommerville, the proprietor, at Weſt Forth; to whom any perſon wiſhing to conclude a private bargain may apply betwixt and the day of ſale.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

LANDS IN STIRLINGSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe (A. Ramſay's) Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 6th day of December 1786, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The LANDS of ORCHARDHEAD, lying in the pariſh of Bothkennar, and county of Stirling; the rent, after converſion of victual, including a ſmall feu-duty, and deducting public burdens, is 253 l. 17 s. 11 d. 2-12ths Sterling, holding of the Crown; and, being valued at 422 l. 19 s. 2d. Scots in the ceſs-books, afford a freehold qualification.

The ſituation of the eſtate is eligible, and may be very profitable to the purchaſer, as it is within four miles of Falkirk, in the neighbourhood of Carron-ſhore and the Carron works, having the Forth to the north and eaſt, and the Great Canal to the ſouth. It commands a delightful proſpect of the adjacent country, and of the ſhore and towns on the oppoſite coaſt.

The ſoil is allowed to be amongſt the beſt in the Carſe of Falkirk. The grounds alongſt the Forth are well fenced by a dyke, built at a conſiderable expence ſome years ſince, which, on trial, is found to anſwer the intention.

There is a manſion-houſe of thirteen rooms, beſides kitchen, cloſets, and other conveniencies, office-houſes, garden, and an excellent orchard.

The lands are free of any thirlage, and the tenants pay the land-tax, over and above their rents. The largeſt farm of the eſtate, which was let in 1757, will riſe conſiderably in the rent, in a few years, when the leaſe expires.

A purchaſer may be immediately infeft by having the ufual executed precept in a Crown Charter aſſigned to him.

The houſe and grounds will be ſhown by Mungo Johnſton, gardener, at Orchardhead.

For further particulars apply to Mr Higgens at Nook, near Airth, or to Anthony Barclay writer to the ſignet, at Edinburgh, who will ſhow the title deeds and conditions of ſale; and to either of whom, ſuch as incline to purchaſe by private bargain before the day of ſale, may give in propoſals.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

Sale of Lands in Argyleſhire.

TO be SOLD by roup, in the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 27th of December next, betwixt five and ſix o'clock afternoon,

The extenſive Eſtates of DUNTROON on Locherinan and of OIB on Lochſwan, lying about 25 miles ſouth of Inverary, in the pariſhes of Kilmartine and North Knapdale and ſhire of Argyle. The rental is upwards of 900 l. ſterling; and for the encouragement of purchaſers, the whole will be ſet up in one lot at L. 20,325, if it appear that there ſhall be then truly more than one offerer.

The tenants are thriving, the ſituation of the eſtate pleaſant and convenient, the communication eaſy, the ſoil excellent, and the woods extenſive and flouriſhing.

There is a commodious manſion-houſe, with office-houſes, pleaſantly ſituated on Locherinan, whence the Canal (an object now under the view of the Legiſlature) is intended to be executed acroſs to Lochgilphead. The eſtate of Oib has alſo an excellent ſituation for a place of reſidence. A more complete and deſirable property rarely appears in the market.

For further particulars, enquire at John Moir, writer to the ſignet, who will ſhow the rental, plans, ſurveys, and title-deeds; or at Duncan Campbell, writer in Inverary, the factor; or Alexander Roſs, accomptant in Edinburgh, the truſtee for the creditors, to whom any propoſal for a purchaſe bargain may be made.

John Campbell, ſchoolmaſter at Duntroon, will ſhow the eſtate; and John Campbell at Tayloch, the eſtate of Oib.

Sale of Lands in Stirlingſhire.

TO be SOLD, that Farm called WEST TOWN of PLEAN, preſently occupied by Alexander Rattray, at the rent of 117 l. Sterling, lying in the pariſh of St Ninians, and county of Stirling, four miles diſtant from the town of Stirling, and bounded on the north by the turnpike road leading to Edinburgh.

There is on the lands a good dwelling-houſe of two ſtories with ſuitable offices, malt-barn, and others, which have been uſed, and are well calculated for a diſtillery. The grounds are incloſed, have plenty of coal and lime in their neighbourhood, and lie near good and ready markets. The title-deeds of the premiſſes are clear. If the purchaſer incline, great part of the price will be allowed to lie ſome time in his hands.

The lands will be ſhown by Alexander Rattray; and further particulars learned by applying to William M'Killop writer in Edinburgh; Thomas Wingate, writer in Stirling, or Mr Glen of Forganhall, near Falkirk, who can conclude a bargain.

There is alſo to be ſold, any quantity from one to an hundred acres of fine kerſe land, lying on the north and ſouth by the great Canal, and at a ſmall diſtance from the Carron works. Apply to Mr Glen.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and Sold at the Printing-houſe in the OLD FISHMARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in—A ſingle Paper 3 d.—1 l. 17 s. 6 d. yearly, when called for—2 l. & 6 d. delivered in Town—and 2 l. 6 s. 6 d. ſent by Poſt.